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March 25, 2021

ENGROSSED HOUSE  
BILL NO. 1034

By: Mize and Fugate of the  
House

and

## Pugh of the Senate

An Act relating to banking; providing certain powers and authorities for authorized signers on deposit accounts; allowing for certain additional powers; providing for additional authorization document; stating content requirements for certain document; providing for granting of certain additional powers; providing certain form for additional powers; amending 6 O.S. 2011, Section 901, which relates to deposits in the name of two or more persons; modifying requirements for certain beneficiaries for Payable on Death deposit accounts; amending 6 O.S. 2011, Section 906, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 73, O.S.L. 2017 (6 O.S. Supp. 2020, Section 906), which relates to transfer of funds to known heirs of deceased without designated beneficiary; requiring certain transfers if no probate proceedings are pending; authorizing inclusion of indemnity clause in certain affidavits; providing for court determination to release certain deposits; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 908 of Title 6, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1       A. Unless the deposit account agreement states otherwise, an  
2 authorized signer on a deposit account shall have the following  
3 powers, regardless of whether the account is a consumer or  
4 commercial account:

5       1. Sign checks;

6       2. Make deposits of checks payable to the account owner into  
7 the account;

8       3. Make cash deposits into the account;

9       4. Obtain an account balance;

10      5. View copies of checks he or she has signed; and

11      6. Obtain deposit slips when making a deposit.

12      B. If additional authority is not expressly granted in the  
13 deposit account agreement, additional powers may be granted in  
14 writing by the owner of the account. If the account is an  
15 individual account, the owner may execute an additional  
16 authorization document. It must be dated and in writing and may be  
17 revoked or amended at any time by the account owner. If there are  
18 multiple owners, all must execute the additional authorization  
19 document. If the account is owned by an entity, the entity must  
20 approve the grant of additional powers in the same manner as it  
21 appoints authorized signers.

22      C. A customer may initial next to the additional powers to be  
23 granted and line through those that are not being granted, pursuant  
24 to subsection D of this section.

1 D. Form for Additional Powers for Authorized Signer:

2 I, the undersigned account owner or duly empowered  
3 representative of the account owner, hereby grant and approve the  
4 following additional powers for authorized signer(s) on account

5 # \_\_\_\_\_ . Bank name \_\_\_\_\_ .

6 \_\_\_\_\_ Obtain and use a debit card or automated teller  
7 machine card

8 \_\_\_\_\_ Obtain copies of statements on the account from the  
9 bank

10 \_\_\_\_\_ Order checks

11 \_\_\_\_\_ Obtain copies of checks or other transactions on  
12 the account

13 \_\_\_\_\_ Authorize or terminate automated clearing house  
14 debits to the account

15 \_\_\_\_\_ Complete affidavits of forgery

16 \_\_\_\_\_ Initiate a change of address for the account

17 \_\_\_\_\_ Withdraw cash up to \$ \_\_\_\_\_

18 \_\_\_\_\_ Dispute a card transaction on the account

19 \_\_\_\_\_ Report a lost or stolen card on the account

20 \_\_\_\_\_ Use online banking to view transactions on the  
21 account

22 \_\_\_\_\_ Set up online bill payments

23 \_\_\_\_\_ Use the mobile app to access information about the  
24 account.

1       SECTION 2.       AMENDATORY       6 O.S. 2011, Section 901, is  
2 amended to read as follows:

3       Section 901. A. When a deposit has been made or shall  
4 hereafter be made in any bank in the names of two or more persons,  
5 payable to any of them or payable to any of them or the survivor,  
6 such deposit, or any part thereof, or any interest thereon, may be  
7 paid to either of the persons, whether one of such persons shall be  
8 a minor or not, and whether the other be living or not; and the  
9 receipt or acquittance of the person so paid shall be valid and  
10 sufficient release and discharge to the bank for any payment so  
11 made.

12       B. 1. When a deposit has been made or shall hereafter be made  
13 in any bank using the terms "Payable on Death" or "P.O.D.", such  
14 deposits shall be payable on the death of the account owner to one  
15 or more designated P.O.D. beneficiaries, or to an individual or  
16 individuals named beneficiary if living, and if not living, to the  
17 named estate of the beneficiary, notwithstanding any provision to  
18 the contrary contained in Sections 41 through 57 of Title 84 of the  
19 Oklahoma Statutes. Each designated P.O.D. beneficiary shall be a  
20 trust, an individual, or a nonprofit organization exempt from  
21 taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26  
22 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3).

23       2. A deposit account with a P.O.D. designation shall constitute  
24 a contract between the account owner, (or owners, if more than one)

1 and the bank that upon the death of the last surviving owner of the  
2 account, and after payment of account proceeds to any secured party  
3 with a valid security interest in the account, the bank will hold  
4 the funds for or pay them to the named primary beneficiary or  
5 beneficiaries if living. If ~~any named~~ a primary beneficiary ~~is not~~  
6 ~~living~~ predeceases the account owner, the share of that primary  
7 beneficiary shall ~~instead be held for or paid to the estate of that~~  
8 ~~deceased beneficiary unless contingent beneficiaries have been~~  
9 ~~designated by the account owner as allowed by~~ be distributed  
10 pursuant to either paragraph 4 or 5 of this subsection, whichever is  
11 applicable.

12 3. Each P.O.D. beneficiary designated on a deposit account  
13 shall be a primary beneficiary unless specifically designated as a  
14 contingent beneficiary.

15 4. If there is only one primary P.O.D. beneficiary on a deposit  
16 account and that beneficiary is an individual, the account owner may  
17 designate one or more contingent beneficiaries for whom the funds  
18 shall be held or to whom the funds shall be paid if the primary  
19 beneficiary is not living when the last surviving owner of the  
20 account dies. If there is more than one primary P.O.D. beneficiary  
21 on a deposit account, contingent beneficiaries shall not be allowed  
22 on that account.

23 5. If the ~~only~~ sole primary P.O.D. beneficiary is not living  
24 and one or more contingent beneficiaries have been designated as

1 allowed by paragraph 4 of this subsection, the funds shall be held  
2 for or paid to the contingent beneficiaries who are alive at the  
3 time of the account owner's death in equal shares, and shall not  
4 belong to the estate of the deceased primary beneficiary. If  
5 neither the ~~only~~ primary beneficiary ~~is not living, and a~~ nor any  
6 contingent beneficiary ~~or contingent beneficiaries have been~~  
7 ~~designated as allowed by paragraph 4 of this subsection, but one or~~  
8 ~~more designated contingent beneficiaries are also not~~ is living, the  
9 ~~share that otherwise would belong to any deceased contingent~~  
10 ~~beneficiary~~ at the time of the account owner's death, the funds  
11 shall ~~instead be held for or~~ paid to the account owner's estate ~~of~~  
12 ~~that deceased contingent beneficiary.~~

13 6. In order to designate multiple primary P.O.D. beneficiaries  
14 for a deposit account, the account should be styled as follows:

15 "(Name of Account Owner), payable on death (or P.O.D.) to (Name  
16 of Beneficiary), (Name of Beneficiary), and (Name of Beneficiary, in  
17 equal shares.)"

18 7. If only one primary P.O.D. beneficiary has been designated  
19 on a deposit account, the account owner may add the following, or  
20 words of similar meaning, in the style of the account or in the  
21 account agreement:

22 "If the designated P.O.D. beneficiary is deceased, then payable  
23 on the death of the account owner to (Name of Beneficiary), (Name of  
24

Beneficiary), and (Name of Beneficiary), as contingent beneficiaries, in equal share."

8. Adjustments may be made in the styling, depending upon the number of owners of the account, to allow for survivorship rights, and the number of beneficiaries. It is to be understood that each beneficiary is entitled to a proportionate share of the account proceeds only after the death of the last surviving account owner, and after payment of account proceeds to any secured party with a valid security interest in the account. ~~In the event of the death of a beneficiary prior to the death of the account owner, the share of that beneficiary shall go to the estate of that beneficiary. Unless one or more contingent beneficiaries have been designated to take the place of that beneficiary as provided in paragraph 4 of this subsection.~~ All designated primary P.O.D. beneficiaries shall have equal shares. All designated contingent P.O.D. beneficiaries shall have equal shares as if the sole primary beneficiary is deceased. In the event of the death of a beneficiary prior to the death of the account owner, the share of that beneficiary shall be divided among any surviving beneficiaries or distributed to contingent beneficiaries pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5 of this subsection, if applicable. If no beneficiaries are alive at the time of the account owner's death, the funds should be held for, or paid to, the estate of the deceased account owner.

1        9. A bank may require the owner of an account to provide an  
2 address for any primary or contingent P.O.D. beneficiary. If the  
3 P.O.D. account is an interest-bearing account and the funds are not  
4 claimed by the P.O.D. beneficiary or beneficiaries within sixty (60)  
5 days after the death of the last surviving account holder, or after  
6 the bank has notice of the death of the last surviving account  
7 holder, whichever is later, the bank has the right to convert the  
8 account to a non-interest-bearing account.

9        10. No change in the designation of a named beneficiary shall  
10 be valid unless executed by the owner of the fund and in the form  
11 and manner prescribed by the bank; however, this section shall be  
12 subject to the provisions of Section 178 of Title 15 of the Oklahoma  
13 Statutes.

14        11. The receipt or acquittance of the named beneficiary so  
15 paid, or of the legal representative of ~~such named beneficiary's~~ the  
16 account owner's estate, ~~if the beneficiary is deceased and there is~~  
17 ~~no contingent beneficiary designated to take the place of that~~  
18 ~~beneficiary~~ in the event the beneficiary predeceased the account  
19 owner, shall be valid and sufficient release and discharge to the  
20 bank for any payment so made, unless, prior to such payment, the  
21 bank receives notice in the form and manner required in Section 905  
22 of this title.

23        12. Subsequent to the effective date of this act, a bank shall  
24 provide a customer creating a P.O.D. account with a written notice



1 that the distribution of the proceeds in the P.O.D. account shall be  
2 consistent with the provisions of ~~Section 901 of Title 6 of the~~  
3 ~~Oklahoma Statutes~~ this section.

4 C. The provisions of this section shall apply to all forms of  
5 deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, transaction  
6 accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposits, negotiable  
7 order of withdrawal (N.O.W.) accounts, and M.M.D.A. accounts.

8 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 6 O.S. 2011, Section 906, as last  
9 amended by Section 1, Chapter 73, O.S.L. 2017 (6 O.S. Supp. 2020,  
10 Section 906), is amended to read as follows:

11 Section 906. A. 1. When a deposit has been made in a bank or  
12 credit union in the name of a sole individual without designation of  
13 a payable-on-death beneficiary, upon the death of the sole owner of  
14 the account if the amount of the aggregate deposits held in single  
15 ownership accounts in the name of the deceased individual is Fifty  
16 Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less, the bank or credit union may,  
17 without a requirement that heirs open an additional account,  
18 transfer the funds to the known heirs of the deceased upon receipt  
19 of an affidavit sworn to by the known heirs of the deceased which  
20 establishes jurisdiction and relationship and states that the owner  
21 of the account left no will; provided, however, that no probate  
22 proceedings are pending. The affidavit shall be sworn to and signed  
23 by the known heirs of the deceased and the same shall swear that the  
24 facts set forth in the affidavit establishing jurisdiction, heirship

1 and intestacy are true and correct. The affidavit may contain a  
2 clause indemnifying the bank from any damages related to the release  
3 of funds. In the event the account is subject to pending probate  
4 proceedings, the release of the deposits in the account shall be  
5 determined by the court.

6 2. Upon the death of an individual who is the sole renter of a  
7 safe deposit box in a bank or credit union, the bank or credit union  
8 may open the box in the presence of all known heirs and transfer or  
9 release the contents to such heirs upon receipt of an affidavit  
10 which establishes jurisdiction and relationship to the deceased and  
11 states that the renter of the safe deposit box left no will or that  
12 the contents of the safe deposit box are the only known assets of  
13 the deceased renter. The affidavit shall be sworn to and signed by  
14 the known heirs of the deceased and the same shall swear that the  
15 facts set forth in the affidavit establishing jurisdiction, heirship  
16 and intestacy or that the contents of the safe deposit box are the  
17 only asset of the deceased are true and correct. Every known heir  
18 shall either be present in person or by a duly authorized agent. If  
19 any known heir is unable to be physically present for the opening of  
20 the box and transfer of the contents, such heir may appoint an agent  
21 by executing authorization in writing in the following form: "I  
22 hereby authorize (name of person) to act as my agent at the opening  
23 and transfer of contents of safe deposit box (number or other  
24 identification) at (name of financial institution)." The

1 authorization form shall be signed and dated by the heir and  
2 notarized. The bank or credit union may impose its standard fee for  
3 drilling the box if the heirs cannot provide the key for opening.

4 B. Receipt by the bank or credit union of the affidavit  
5 described in subsection A of this section shall be a valid and  
6 sufficient release and discharge to the bank or credit union for any  
7 transfer of deposits or contents made in good-faith reliance on the  
8 affidavit and shall serve to discharge the bank or credit union from  
9 liability as to any other party, including any heir, legatee,  
10 devisee, creditor or other person having rights or claims to funds  
11 or property of the decedent, and include a discharge of the bank or  
12 credit union from liability for any estate, inheritance or other  
13 taxes which may be due the state from the estate or as a result of  
14 the transfer.

15 C. Any person who knowingly submits and signs a false affidavit  
16 as provided in this section shall be fined not more than Three  
17 Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00) or imprisoned for not more than six (6)  
18 months, or both. Restitution of the amount fraudulently attained  
19 shall be made to the rightful beneficiary by the guilty person.

20 SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2021.

21 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS, COMMERCE AND TOURISM  
22 March 25, 2021 - DO PASS  
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